

L. W. Cook, "Manager" of the Advance Thresher Co.

On the 26th day of May you came into our store and asked us if we wanted a contest between the Peerless and Advance threshers. We replied we did. You then said there had been too much talk here and over the country, and that we would have to put up or shut up. We said, "It is put up, then." You had some bills in your hand, which you shook at us, and said you had \$500 to put up that we could beat us. We proposed that we deposit checks. Your reply was, "Checks don't go," money talks. As you know, we sent for the money, while you, finding we meant business, slipped out to get the money to make your bluff hold, not believing evidently that we could or would put up. You asked who should hold the stakes. We suggested your bankers, Millikin & Co. You demurred; and as Mr. Burley at that moment stepped into the store, you suggested him; and as you will remember, the money was promptly put in his hands, and we stated that the money was on a contest between the Advance and Peerless threshers in wheat and oats. You put in, "I said oats." We insisted on wheat as well as oats. You finally agreed, but when Mr. Bushert sat down to draw up the writings you went back on wheat and would only go in on oats, refusing to touch wheat. Mr. Burley heard and saw your back down, and after you left remarked that you would not go into a contest, and without our asking gave us a check for our money, saying he would let you sweat for a few days. You evidently began to perspire so profusely by the evening of the second day that you rode six miles to Burley's residence to get your money.

If you had wanted a contest why did you refuse to go into writings? We have backed down on nothing, and you have given no reason for refusing to go in on wheat as well as oats.

In the Weekly Republican of May 31st we addressed an open letter to you and made a full statement of your "bluff" which has not as yet been controverted by you in any particular.

In the Daily Republican of June 5th, Spencer & Lehigh Co. came out in a challenge for a 5 minutes contest, and you as an endorsement or security for them say you have deposited \$500, in the hands of Parker Hammer on said 5 minutes contest failing to state that \$250 of it was yet talking money and the balance put in by L. C. Ellis.

We in the issue of the DAILY REPUBLICAN of June 7, declined as the challenged party to go into such an incomplete test on the advice of Practical Threshers.

Now Mr. Cook, Manager, as you made us the bluff, and as the challenged party, you must concede that we have some right as to time, place and mode of contest. We have therefore, deposited with H. A. Wood at Peacock, Burrows & Co.'s bank, articles of agreement for a fair, square test between the Geiser Peerless Steam outfit, represented by George S. Durfee & Bro., Agents, and the Advance Steam outfit, represented by L. W. Cook, manager, which with the necessary money that talks awaits your signature.

The agreement covers the points most needed to thoroughly test the merits of the two outfits, as suggested by practical threshers. Now is your chance, Mr. Cook. Take a breath of courage, walk up. It is either sink or swim. You did the bluffing, and you must be the one to sign the agreement. We are more than ready.

GEO. S. DURFEE & BRO., Agents Geiser Mfg. Co.

An Informal Dance.

A most delightful but informal dance was given by a number of young gentlemen last evening at Columbia hall. Lapetini's Italian orchestra furnished excellent music for a long program of dances. Those who attended were: Misses Elizabeth and Mary Voorhies, Nell Schroeder, Alice Boring, Belle Vennigerholz, Edith Race, Eugenie Harris, Margaret and Anna Roberts, Sallie Scruggs, Ella Race, Anna Rainey, Corinne Shellabarger, and Messrs. George Matthews, Troy Alexander, Robert Hays, Frank Evans, Linn and Will Blackstone, Dr. J. D. Moore, Dr. Carlton, Arthur Dumont, R. I. Hunt, Will Pluck, Henry Crowell, Thad Schroeder, Arthur Race and John Maus.

Excursion to Springfield.

The Decatur Turn-Verein will run an excursion to Springfield, Sunday, June 24. Train leaves Union depot at 8 a. m., stopping at North Water street crossing. After leaving Decatur, no more stops will be made. Fare \$1.00 for the round trip. Children under ten years 50 cents. Goodman's Band will furnish the music. Good time for everybody. All go.

10-11 By COMMITTEE.

Death at the Poor House.

Thomas Brown, a feeble-minded patient at the Macon county poor house, died at 1 o'clock this (Thursday) morning, aged 35 years. The immediate cause of death was indigestion. The deceased has a sister residing at Orensia in Whitcomb township. He had been a charge at the poor house since 1886.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Pure from Arkansas, Japan, China, India, etc.

40 YEARS OF PERFECT BAKING.

Race Clothing Mfg. Co.



Panic Prices To Suit the Panic Times.

REDUCTIONS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Men's \$15.00 Suits in Sacks and Frocks Reduced to \$10.00. Guaranteed to be less than cost to make.

Our fine grade of Straw Hats is going fast, but we still have plenty left. We can sell you the best 50c straw hat you ever saw.

We are Headquarters for Turners' Regulation Hats, Belts and Suits.

We make to order the best \$5.00 and \$6.00 Pants---WORLD BEATERS.

Race Clothing Mfg. Co.,

129--135 North Water Street.

For Breakfast,

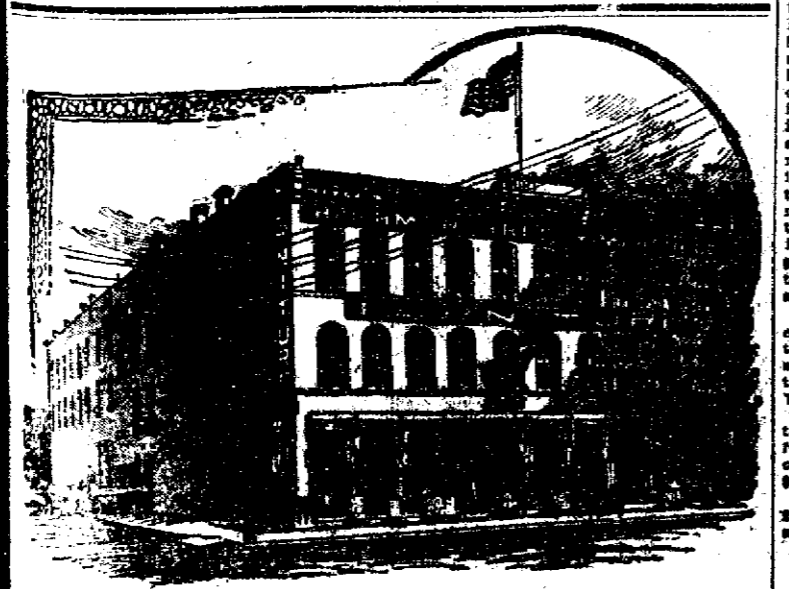
For Dinner,

For Supper,

The Flour That Always Makes The Most And Best Bread.

Use White Foam.

Manufactured by the Hatfield Milling Co., Decatur, Ill.



Mid-Summer Sale.—Owing to the stringency in the money market we have been able to spot cash to fill our house with goods of the latest styles for less than cost to manufacture them, and we propose to sell these goods regardless of value. We can sell you goods for less than our competitors can buy them. Look elsewhere and no matter at what price goods are offered you, come and compare our prices and we will sell you. Space will not permit our quoting prices upon our immense stock. Here are a few prices that will convince you that we mean business: Dining Chairs from \$2.00 per set. Square Extension Table, \$3.50; Rockers, 75c; Center Tables, 75c; Solid Oak Ward, bevel edge glass, \$10.50. See our \$20.00 sideboard, worth \$27.50; Bed-room Suits, \$7.50 up. Everything reduction upon our entire line of goods. All goods sold for cash or cash payments. This is our last sale.

BACHMAN BROS. & CO. & EATON COMPANY,

DUN'S TRADE REVIEW

A Week That Has Been Rich in Promise,

BUT NOTABLY POOR IN PERFORMANCE.

The Export of Gold and the Vast Accumulating of Unemployed Capital Still Continue—No Perceptible Improvement in Business.

New York, June 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade issued today says:

The week has been rich in promise, but poor in performance. It was confidently promised that exports of gold would cease, but they have not. It was promised that the end of the coal strike would bring immediate recovery of industries, but partial resumption of work discloses comparative want of demand for products, while the miners of Ohio in advancing the strike, and in many other localities it lingers, and above all, the coke workers' strikes block most of the iron manufacturers in the central region, less than a quarter of the coke ovens being yet at work. It was believed that the late changes in the tariff bill would be more satisfactory to industries, but the new schedules have not yet diminished the need of the exports of gold have been \$7,500,000 during the week, notwithstanding continued and more liberal sales of exchange against products to be exported in July, and at rates further away from sight exchange. The flood of money from the interior, amounting to about \$1,000,000,000 for the first half of 1894, continues to show the greatly reduced demand for funds, and at the same time the heavy liquidations in reorganizing railroads, especially by foreign holders, have operated as a magnet to draw abroad the unused coin of the country. The treasury gold receipts are reduced lower than it was at any time in January, and the government proposes to ship legal tenders to interior points against deposits of gold in the treasury at rates which virtually constitute a premium on gold. The exports of New York bankers proposing to provide gold for export resulted in little practical gain, but called public attention more distinctly to the difficulties of the situation. Most tenders now require a stipulation for gold payments in all time localities.

The customs receipts for the week have been \$1,302,113, against \$1,366,118 last year, and the internal revenue also decreases \$45,300. The market for commercial paper is singularly narrow, with extreme caution in the scrutiny of names. The liquidation in stocks largely held abroad was the only prominent feature which relieved the dullness of the stock exchange, and stocks were remarkably steady with small transactions. Railroad earnings for June thus far show a decrease of 22 per cent., which is about the decrease on the granger roads, while the trunk lines and Pacific roads report a little smaller, and the other eastern, and some western and the southwestern roads a much larger decrease. The tonnage movement in large in grain, provisions and live stock, with special mention of horses eastward from Indiana and Kentucky, but is small in manufactured products and in coal.

Operations in wheat advanced the price 1 1/2 cents, though western receipts were only 1,381,510 bushels against 2,306,165 last year, and Atlantic exports only 56,031 bushels against 2,502,069 last year. Corn advanced some, but again receded with small exports and fairly large receipts. Cotton declined a sixteenth, but recovered. The visible stock of American wool is less active, and rather better than last year, and there is every reason to expect an increased yield.

It was confidently expected that the settlement of tariff rates on textiles by the senate would improve the condition of textile manufacturers. But there is scarcely an evidence of such a result as yet, the large sales of cotton being traceable to more seasonable weather and larger retail sales, and to further concessions by holders. The stock of unspun printed cloths at Providence, Fall River and Boston is over a million pieces, but the accumulation continues. The orders for fall are limited, and staples are irregular in price. As before, dress goods fare better than other volens, the pressure for samples promoting a fair trade. One explanation is that the final marketing of such goods to consumers can be effected before any change of duty. But the new arrangement of duties on woollens has rather increased than diminished hesitation, partly because many think it may not be final, and partly because its effect upon markets next winter cannot yet be anticipated. Wool is less active, and rather better than last year, and there is every reason to expect an increased yield.

There is much disappointment that the partial termination of the coal strike does not promptly enlarge the demand for iron and steel products, which is evidently too narrow as yet to support much increase of production. Prices are weakening. Bessemer pig selling at \$10.00 at Pittsburgh, beams at \$11.35 and angles at \$11.30. Western orders are comparatively liberal, though much smaller than in other years, but improvement is seen at Philadelphia, while in the central region the continuing coal strike, and grave uncertainty about the July settlement of iron workers' wages cause much hesitation. The shoe industry appears to fare better than others in quantity of products, though mainly in low priced goods, for which most of the manufacturers have orders reaching well into the future, while the medium goods are greatly neglected. Shipments from Boston for the month thus far have been 265,070 cases, against 282,690 for the same weeks last year. The volume of domestic trade, measured by clearings, shows no important change, though the heavy decline a year ago vitiated comparisons with that period. Compared with 1893, the decrease is 15.2 per cent. outside of New York and 24.5 per cent. at all points.

The improvement continues in future returns, which show an aggregate of liabilities for two weeks of June amounting to \$1,229,025, of which \$6,238,906 were of manufacturing and \$4,113,066 of trading concerns.

The number of failures this week has been 245 in the United States against 248 last year, and 27 in Canada against 14 last year.

SOMETHING wrong when you tire too easily. Something wrong when the skin is not clear and smooth. Something wrong when the blood is impure. Everything right when you take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It recommends itself. C. H. Dawson.

The colored camp-meeting at Oakland Park will close Sunday night.

To cure blood and skin disorders. It does this quickly and permanently. It is sold by all druggists, or by mail, for \$1.00 a bottle.

HETTIE GREEN AND OTHERS

Secure a Controlling Interest in the Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 22.—It is stated here to-night on reliable authority that Hettie Green and some of the stockholders of the Louisville & Nashville railroad have secured enough of the stock of the Evansville & Terre Haute railroad to give them the controlling interest.

The Standard Oil people have held the balance of power, not the controlling interest, and Hettie Green and the Louisville & Nashville men, it is stated here, bought in the Evansville & Terre Haute stock held by the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, thus securing control. The change is announced to occur between July 1 and 15 with the installation of new officers more closely identified with Evansville interests.

THE PRENDERGAST CASE.

A Jury Expected to be Tried To-Day and the Case to be Found.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Out of a special venire of fifty brought in yesterday only fifteen were left at the close of the day's session in the Prendergast case. Three more jurors were accepted, making the number in the box eight, with four more to be turned over to the prosecution in the morning.

It is expected that a complete jury will be had by noon to-day and the insanity case pushed to immediate trial, which both sides hope to finish before July 2. The jurors accepted yesterday were Frank P. Mack, manager of a manufacturing firm; Wm. J. Bristol and A. Leonard Gould.

THE BIG ONE'S, TOO.

Vice-President Stevenson Shows No Favor in His Certification.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Vice-President Stevenson last evening certified to the district attorney the cases of H. O. Havemeyer, president, and John G. Searles, secretary-treasurer of the American Sugar Refining Co.

In doing this, the vice-president overruled Senators Gray and Lindsay and sustained the two republicans, who recommended that criminal prosecution should be had with reference to Messrs. Havemeyer and Searles, as was done in the case of the other recalcitrant witnesses.

Dead.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 21.—Ex-Representative Thomas C. Enders died at his residence Thursday night. He was born at Glen, N. Y., in 1832. He was an ex-president of the Etas Life Insurance Co.

LONDON, June 22.—Rev. Orlando Watkin Weld Forester, the fourth Baron Forester, died at his residence in York yesterday. He was in his 54th year.

Resigned for Cause.

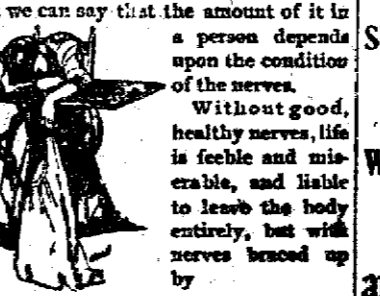
WASHINGTON, June 23.—Prof. Mendenhall, in charge of the coast and geodetic survey, has tendered his resignation to the president on the ground, it is said, that the secretary of the treasury has interfered with the working of the bureau by the retirement of experts and the substitution of inefficient men.

Sudden Death.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—John W. Hall, treasurer of the Richmond & Danville Railroad Co., and recently elected treasurer of the new Southern Railway Co., died suddenly at his residence in this city yesterday morning. The cause of death is thought to have been heart disease.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

We can't tell you what life is



Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER.

Life is vigorous and athletic. The Vitalizer prevents over-exertion, unusual fatigue and extreme excitement from weakening the nerves and causes all nervous disorders like Prostration, Debility, Sleeplessness, Headache etc.

PRICE, \$1.00 A BOTTLE

Inquire of Druggists for free sample. If not found, write us enclosing five cents (stamp) for postage. The doctor gives his service to any needy disease sufferer. All welcome.

The J. W. Root Co.
Manufacturers
111 N. 3rd St. Phila., Pa.

This Month We Offer Extraordinary Values in Mid-Summer Clothing

Coats and Coats and Vests, in Cottons, Mohair and Serges, in black and colors, medium, extra length and ministerial.

Wash Vests, white, tinted, plain and figured, single and double breasted.

Flannel Coats and Vests, in blue, grey latest shades.

Cassimere Pants---Large line of light weight all wool Cassimere Pants at \$3.00 a pair.

STRAW HATS

to keep your heads cool, and our French hair-briggan light weight Underwear at \$1.00 a suit.

We invite you to call.

B. STINE Clothing Co.

STYLISH DUCK SUITS, And Choice Styles of Ladies' Shirt Waists.

New Goods Received Every Day.

Ladies' Fancy Cotton Duck Suits, full skirt and stylish cut jacket, at \$2.50 each.

Ladies' Duck Suits, late patterns of Princess Duck, stylish cut skirt and jacket, \$3.50 each.

Ladies' Shirt Waist, material soft finish Percale, white India Linen and Satine, all sizes, 50c each.

Ladies' Laundered Shirt Waists, stylish collars and cuffs attached. \$1.25 each.

Ladies' Silk Ties---Windsors, Tecks and Four-In-Hand, 25c each.

Bradley Bros
Decatur, Ill.

The Very Latest Novelty.

Sterling  Silver
TURQUOIS MARQUIS
RINGS,

Only 35c Each.

W. R. Abbott & Co.
Jewelers.

What

Shall you do to save your ducats,
is the subject for debate.

Buy your Children's Clothing,
Buy your Boys' Clothing,
Buy your Men's Clothing,
Buy your Hats, Caps and Furnishings

—OF—

The People's Clothier.

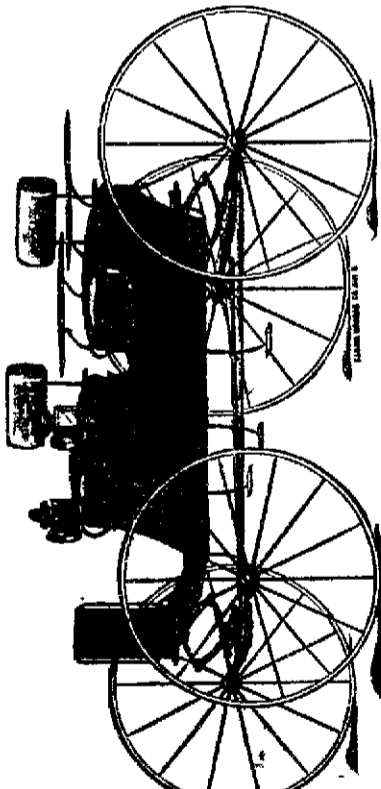
Admission Free, and Bargains Distributed without reserve.
It makes no difference as to your creed, or what your
destination is at the PEOPLE'S CLOTHIER.

Merchant Tailoring Added.
WILL NOONAN, Cutter.

C. J. BRYAN,
The People's Clothier,
Old Post Office Stand.

PHAEONS, TRAPS.

WAIT A MINUTE.



YOU CAN SAVE DOLLARS by buying
your entire outfit of

J. G. STARR & SON,
Decatur's Largest Variety Carriages, Harness & Wagons.

Open Thursday and Saturday Nights.

BIRDSSELL WAGONS.

If You Want Good Bread

Always ask your dealer for the

"White Foam" or
"White Bread"

BRANDS OF FLOUR.

They are the best in the market. EVERY SACK GUARANTEED.
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

THE HATFIELD MILLING CO., Decatur, Ill.

J. B. Bullard,
FUNERAL
DIRECTOR.

Daily Republican

B. K. HAMMER, W. F. CALHOUN,
HAMMER & CALHOUN, Prop'rs.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at Decatur as second class mail matter

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
By mail, postage paid, one year, \$5.00
Delivered by carrier to any part of city
Per week, 10 cents. Yearly, in advance \$5.00
Postal order, money order, or orders through tele-
phone No. 43, will secure early attention of car-
riers in any district.
Address: THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 125
South Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

SATURDAY, JUNE 23, 1894.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Congress,
MAJOR J. A. CONNOLLY.
County Judge,
WILLIAM L. HAMMER.
County Treasurer,
CHARLES H. PATTERSON.
County Clerk,
JAMES M. DODD.
Sheriff,
JERRY F. NICHOLSON.
County Superintendent of Schools,
JOHN G. KELLER.

Every time the wage-earner puts a
spoonful of sugar in his coffee he will
remember that the tears shed by the
Democratic campaigners over tariff
taxes have crystallized into a tax on the
poor man's sugar.

DECATUR's postmaster receives \$3,000
and the assistant \$1,500 per year. Jerry
Donahue of the *Herald-Examiner*,
Cleveland's choice, will take possession
July 1st.—*Shelbyville Union*.

This is probably another case of the
regular editor being away from home.
But in any event such is fame.

If the people who rolled up the great
Republican majorities in 1893 and 1894
on platforms which declared in favor of
the McKinley act are let alone, there
will be no doubt as to who will be the
Republican nominee for president in
1896. Nothing but trickery can defeat
McKinley.

The alacrity with which the Demo-
cratic and so-called Independent papers
seize upon and roll as a sweet morsel un-
der their tongues the assumption of A.
L. Conger & Co. that it would be bad
politics to nominate McKinley for Pres-
ident, shows how strong a candidate
they think he would be and how anxious
they are to help designing politicians to
compass his defeat at the convention.
Republicans want to make a note of
these facts and prepare to sit upon the
tricksters in the party, whose only
power is to breed dissensions within it
and tear it down.

The Prosperity of 1892.
Comptroller Eckels says "the banks
have a plethora of money now, and are
as much worried to put it out as they
were last year at this time to keep it in
their vaults," and upon this fact he
bases the conclusion that there will be a
resumption of general trade as soon as
congress adjourns. This is the opinion
of one of our modern superficial states-
men. It will be remembered that Presi-
dent Cleveland, Senator Voorhees,
Comptroller Eckels and a very large
number of that class of statesmen, told
us a year ago that there would be a gen-
eral resumption of business as soon as
the silver purchase act should be re-
pealed. That act was repealed, but the
prediction of these gentlemen was not
realized. The view taken at that time
by these same people was that all our
troubles were due to the silver purchase
law, and were not the result of the re-
turn of the Democratic party to power
with its threat to revolutionize the con-
ditions on which the diversified business
of the country was done.

Many people believed these state-
ments at the time, but since then the
people have had a great deal of experi-
ence. Real statesmen and honest politi-
cians told the people that the prostra-
tion of business was due to the threat-
ened policy of the Democratic party,
and that those who raised the most dis-
tressing cry about the purchase of silver
did it for the purpose of securing the re-
peal of the silver purchase act; that their
claim that the prostration of business
was due to that act was a mere pre-
text to frighten the public into submis-
sion. Experience shows they were
right. The attack on silver in the way
it was made had a more far-reaching
effect than they anticipated, for it re-
sulted in destroying public confidence in
the security of banks, and hundreds of
them went down before public suspi-
cion. This was an incident which
attended the foolish and illtimed
method. Under the circumstances the
repeal of the act had the effect to restore
confidence in the banks, but it did not
restore business, and every fair minded
man is now ready to admit that the
trouble is due to threats of bad tariff
legislation.

But now comes the young comptroller
of the currency, who assures us that
there is plenty of money in the banks
seeking investment, and that as soon as
congress adjourns there will be a general
resumption of trade. How will trade be
resumed and put in the condition it was
before the Democrats succeeded to
power? And who wants the money in
the banks unless they can make a profit
out of it? Under the Democratic tariff such
a thing is simply impossible. Trade
will get better. It must get better,
but when men talk of the resumption of
business without it, what the chance
of it? Cleveland and his associates

gross was announced, it is an absurdity
on its face. Such a thing cannot take
place until the Republicans are again
restored to power and reestablish the
conditions upon which trade rested
before it was disturbed by the result of
the national election in 1892. It is es-
timated that two million men are idle, as
one of the results of that disturbance.
It is well known that those who are em-
ployed are employed at greatly reduced
wages. This condition destroys the
consuming power of the people and of
course impairs, greatly, the home market
and general trade. The new tariff bill
is drawn with the view of largely in-
creasing the volume of goods imported
from abroad that we have heretofore
made at home. Under such a policy our
idle workmen cannot be re-employed,
and wages will have to be further re-
duced. A resumption of general trade
cannot follow the passage of the present
tariff law, and all attempts to deceive
the people and lead them into the belief
that prosperity, such as the country had
before the election of 1892, cannot re-
sult in any good. What the country
needs is to sweep the party of false
theories out of power as rapidly as it
can be done, and return to the system of
legislation for the United States and its
people, and then the country can begin
to hope for a return of healthy and
prosperous trade.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be
pleased to learn that there is at least one
dreaded disease that science has been
able to cure in all its stages, and that is
Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the
only positive cure now known to the
medical fraternity. Catarrh being
constitutional disease, requires a constitu-
tional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure
is taken internally, acting directly upon
the blood and mucous surfaces of the
system, thereby destroying the founda-
tion of the disease and giving the patient
strength by building up the constitution,
and assisting nature in doing its work.
The proprietors have so much faith in
its curative powers that they offer one
hundred dollars for any case that it fails
to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

A RESURGENT rumor, not easy to pin to
the wall, concerns the literary designs of
John James Ingalls. Now he is spoken of
in connection with a New York mag-
azine, and still later he is assigned the
editorship of a Republican daily in that
city.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.
Are you Bilious, Constipated or trou-
bled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad
Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated
Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot,
Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between
the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c? If
you have any of these symptoms, your
Liver is out of order, and your blood is
slowly being poisoned, because your Liver
does not act properly. HARRIS' will
cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach
or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver
Medicine. Price, 75 cents. Free trial
bottles at Dawson's drug store.

A GRANDSON of James Russell Lowell
is a Harvard graduate this year. The
young man is a son of Mrs. Edward Bur-
nett, and, by Lowell's request, when the
boy was about to begin the sophomore
year took the name of his famous grand-
father.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.
This invaluable remedy is one that
ought to be in every household. It will
cure your Rheumatism, Neuralgia,
Sprains, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Frosted
Feet and Ears, Sore throat and Sore
Chest. If you have Lame Back it will
cure it. It penetrates to the seat of the
disease. It will cure Stiff Joints and
contracted muscles after all other reme-
dies have failed. Those who have been
crippled for years have used *Ballard's*
Snow Liniment and thrown away their
crutches and been able to walk as well
as ever. It will cure you. Price 50
cents. Sold by Dawson's Drug Store, a

A SIGN of the times is the closing of
the academy for bullfighters in Barce-
lona because of the small number of
pupils.

If dull, spiritless and stupid; if your
blood is thick and sluggish; if your ap-
petite is capricious and uncertain, you
need a Sarsaparilla. For best results
take DeWitt's. It recommends itself.
C. H. Dawson.

Dr. T. S. Hoskins, Dentist, Opera
House Block, ground floor.
Jans-dewit

Pure blood means good health. Re-
inforce it with DeWitt's Sarsaparilla. It
purifies the blood, cures Eruptions,
Eczema, Scrofula and all diseases arising
from impure blood. It recommends
itself. C. H. Dawson.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Most Perfect Made.

You Can

Buy more good, right-up-
to-date merchandise of us
than any other house in
this city for your dollar.

Come in and ask to see those
Duck Suits for \$1.98 worth
\$2.50.

For 80-inch Battiste at 7c,
worth 10c.

For Untrimmed Hats and
Sailors at 15, 20, 25, 30, 40 and
50c, worth double.

Hosiery, Mitts, Belts, Belt
Buckles, Silk Belting and all
such novelties at the lowest
prices ever known.

Large lines of Ladies' Waists
from 45c up all the cost.

W. S. Hatch & Co.

Geo. W. Jones & Co.

Summer is here and so are we,
with as Complete a Line of Fine

READY MADE CLOTHING

AS EVER WAS SHOWN.

See Our Cutaway Suits, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$15.00.

Our Winner \$10.00 Suit

Our ODDS AND ENDS SALE is still a success.
Call and see our Seven Bargain Tables.

GEO. W. JONES & CO.,
CLOTHIERS.

Mr. W. S. Green has charge of our Merchant Tailoring Department.



There was a young wife in
Good Hope,
Who always used
SANTA CLAUS SOAP,
She once lost her head,
Put her washing to bed,
And her Cherub hung out on the
rope.

BUT IT WAS WHITE AND CLEAN
ALL THE SAME.

FOR LAUNDRY USE
THERE IS NO EQUAL TO
SANTA CLAUS
SOAP.

It is the best soap made for every household use, and once
introduced it is always recognized as a friend of the family.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago.

How is This?

Put money in your purse and chase away
dull care by trading at

D. GARRETT'S, 749 North Water St.

Read the following prices, which are a few of the
many bargains:

Cal. Apricots, 3 lb can.....	20c	Sun, Bouquet, Gold Medal	
Table Peaches.....	20c	and Empire Baking Pow-	
Pie Peaches.....	13c	ders, per lb can.....	20c
Standard Tomatoes.....	13c	Colored, Japan Tea.....	40c
California Pears.....	20c	Oolong Tea.....	40c
Black Cherries, best.....	20c	Mixed Japan Tea.....	35c
White Cherries.....	20c	Gunpowder Tea.....	50c
Corn, Lakeside.....	09c	Famous Coffee.....	25c
Egg Plums.....	18c	Queen Coffee.....	30c
Crown Pumpkin.....	10c	Crown Currants, per lb.....	10c
3 lb can Old Brand Sweet		Laundry Blueing.....	04c
Potatoes.....	13c	Stove Polish.....	01c
Crown Raspberries.....	13c	Mason Jars, quarts.....	\$1.00
Crown Beans.....	08c	" " half gal.....	1.25

We handle the Cream of Indiana flour at \$1.10; Purity, \$1.00.

Respectfully yours,

D. GARRETT,
749 North Water Street.

CARPETS

REMNANTS.

This week's sale of Remnants in Linoleums and
Oil Cloths; Carpets, all grades, over 2,000
yds; Mattings, in great variety, 1,500 yards.
Lace, Silk, Chenille and Swiss Curtains.
Window Shades, 10c and up. Wall Paper,
5c and up.

This eclipse sale presents a rare opportunity for qual-
ity, style and value. Call early.

PAEPR CO.

BIG MARK.

Boys' C

In Order to Reduce
Prices on all L

\$2.50 and 3.00 Suits, 4 to 14 year
\$1.98 choice.

\$3.50 and 4.00 Suits at 2.90 your
choice.

\$4.50, 5.00 and 6.00 Suits at 3.00
your choice.

The finest suits at \$4.90, 5.90, 6.90
sold up to \$10.00.

Blouse Suits, all washable suits,
to 8, at \$1.29.

Cloth and Flannel Blouse Suits,
98c, at \$1.40 and 2.00, &c., &c., worth
nearly double.

Junior and Jersey Suits, boys 3 to
years, all marked down. Prices the
lowest ever quoted.

Boys' Suits, ages 12 to 18 years—
\$5.00 and 6.00 suits at 3.90.

Ottenhei

Reliable Clothes.

Telephone 182.

SKELETON
COATS,

DUCK
TROUSERS,

MADE TO ORDER BY

Rude,

The Tailor.


Room 6, Syndicate Block.

"Pillsbury's Best
is The Best."
Proverbs

are often found. Few are homelier, but
none are truer than "You can't make a silk
purse out of a sow's ear." Neither can you
make good bread from poor flour.



USE
PILLSBURY'S
BEST
FLOUR
and you will always have Perfect Bread
BUNGE CLARK & SONS, Gen. Agts.
PRAIRIE, Ill.



REID'S
German
COUGH
AND
KIDNEY CURE.
Contains no Poison.
Reid's German PMS cure
Constipation and Malaria.
Sydenham purifies the
blood.

CI

Ladi

A

AN

Not

To

us do

Gaso

Te

in the

do t

This

ditto

Not

To

us do

Gaso

Te

in the

do t

This

ditto

C.

WILL BE BOYCOTTED.

The American Railway Union States Its Ultimatum.

THE PULLMAN PALACE CAR COMPANY

Must Arbitrate Existing Differences With Its Old Employees or Suffer the Terrors of a General Boycott—The Company Obdurate.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Unless the Pullman company effects a settlement with its striking employees on or before 6 o'clock on Monday evening next, a general boycott against its sleeping and dining cars will be declared at noon of the following day by the American Railway union. This was the decision reached by the national convention of the order at the executive session yesterday afternoon.

When the delegates assembled yesterday morning the question was made a special order and it was considered with closed doors. Representatives of the strikers made an appeal for immediate action and after considerable debate a committee consisting of C. A. Timlin, of Woodhouse, Ill.; George Lovejoy, of Terre Haute, Ind., and C. Pallons, of Pullman, was appointed to wait at once upon the executive officials of the Pullman company and request an immediate adjustment of the questions in dispute.

The committee proceeded to the general offices of the Pullman company on Michigan avenue and was ushered into the presence of Vice-President Wickes. The chairman of the delegation expressed a desire to meet George M. Pullman, who had arrived in Chicago early in the morning after an absence in New York of several weeks, but the reply was returned that the vice-president was prepared to listen to the delegation. Chairman Timlin then stated that the American Railway union desired to make a formal, but respectful request for a settlement of the existing troubles of Pullman, either by arbitration or by any other method that might suggest itself to the company, and which would be acceptable to all parties concerned.

Mr. Wickes responded that the company had already time and again outlined its position and added that it would not receive or treat with any committee claiming to represent the American Railway union. Thereupon Chairman Timlin in an emphatic manner told the vice-president that unless his decision was reconsidered before midnight of Monday a boycott on the plant and operation of the Pullman company would be declared by the union to take effect at noon of Tuesday. Having delivered this ultimatum the committee turned on its heels and left the room.

When the convention reassembled at 3:30 o'clock it was decided to continue the executive session. The committee on treaty with the Pullman officials presented its report. Heated speeches were made by a number of the delegates, and finally a resolution was adopted declaring that unless the Pullman company made manifest before midnight on Monday its willingness to treat with the strikers, a boycott against all of its sleeping and dining cars operated on lines represented in the union should go into effect on Tuesday noon. When the final motion was put, the delegates rose to their feet en masse and cheered for several moments. A written copy of the resolution was transmitted to the Pullman headquarters last night.

"The resolution means precisely what it says," explained President Debs to a representative of the United Press immediately after its adoption. "If the boycott goes into effect, not a car inspector belonging to our union will inspect a car; not a switchman will switch a Pullman car, and not a trainman will handle a train to which a Pullman car is attached. The switchman will naturally be in the front rank, and if a single one of them is discharged for refusal to handle a Pullman car, it will be the signal for the calling out of every member of our union on the line concerned."

This matter disposed of the convention proceeded to get down to the election of officers for the ensuing four years. President Debs was re-elected by acclamation as a member of the board of directors, although, in an energetic speech, he expressed his desire to be relieved of official duty on account of the state of his health. Vice-President George W. Howard was re-elected by acclamation. The officers were elected by the board of directors and the vote therefore simply continues them in their respective offices for the next four years.

Sylvester Kellher, of Chicago, was unanimously re-elected secretary, and a similar compliment was paid to L. W. Rogers and W. E. Burns of Chicago; James Hagan, of Ogden, Utah, the man who led the Great Northern strike, and Roy Goodwin, of Kalispell, Mont., and Roy Goodwin, of Kalispell, Mont., as members of the board of directors. The ballots filled two big batches, but the delegates were appalled at the idea of waiting for a count, and finally adjournment was postponed until to-morrow morning.

Between ballots the convention unanimously adopted resolutions declaring for a silver coinage on the basis of 16 to 1, and insisting that the United States government should act independent of foreign countries or international agreements.

The convention will adjourn sine die at noon to-day.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

(First Session.)

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Two very important amendments were reported to-day from the finance committee of the senate on the income tax provisions of the tariff bill. The one was to reduce the exemption from \$1,000 to \$500 and the other was to have deducted from the annual profits of banking, railroad and other corporations on which the tax is assessed the fixed charges (interest on bonded indebtedness and losses for the year).

The day's session was spent in discussion of the income tax feature of the bill, but no vote was taken on any of the amendments. The income tax was defended by two popular senators—Mr. Kyle and Mr. Allen—one republican senator—Mr. Teller—and one democratic senator—Mr. Jarvis. It was assailed by three republican senators—Sherman, Patton and Platt.

The speeches of Senator Sherman and Mr. Teller were the first made by them in the senate. Senator Hill, of New York, was on the attack line all day, assailing with astuteness and pertinacity the position of the popularists and the democratic party. In a final address to the senate he made a long and eloquent appeal for the passage of the bill. He made a long and eloquent appeal for the passage of the bill. He made a long and eloquent appeal for the passage of the bill.

The senate did not adjourn until 7:15 p. m.

THE ERA OF PEACE

Foreshadowed by a Resolution Introduced in the American Senate.

LONDON, June 27.—The Chronicle, the Telegraph and the Pall Mall Gazette comment upon the resolution introduced in congress by Senator Allen, that the United States arrange by treaty with Great Britain for the arbitration of all differences not adjustable by diplomatic means.

The Chronicle praises the resolution. "It gives positive shape to pious wishes on both sides of the Atlantic," says the writer, "and we sincerely hope that these wishes will be realized."

The Telegraph's leader has the same friendly tone. Waldorf Astor's paper, the Pall Mall Gazette, says: "Senator Allen's resolution means that if the United States should claim part of Canada we must submit the question to some European power, without redress in case the matter should be decided against us. We must never forget that England is the most hated of all powers, and has the most to lose by arbitration."

An address in favor of the arbitration treaty with the United States is circulating in the house of commons. Already 300 members have signed it. Sir John Lubbock, Sir George Baden-Powell, Philip James Stanhope and William R. Croker, all members of the house, have signed their congratulations to Senators Allen and Sherman.

LAWLESS 'WEALERS.

Threaten to Burn an Indiana Village and Pillage the Houses.

ELKHART, Ind., June 23.—The Cochran army of Polanders, ninety-six strong, reached here yesterday morning, and are encamped east of this city. Gen. Cochran says he will remain until joined by an army of 500, now reported en route.

A telegram received at La Porte yesterday morning stated that a reign of terror had been inaugurated at Stevensville, Mich., by an army of tramps 200 strong. Threats were made to burn the houses and pillage the houses. The tramps are deserters from industrial armies. Stevensville has a population of only 200.

A Plot to Kill the Car Discovered.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—The police have discovered mines under the tracks of the Orul & Witelsk railway over which the czar will pass in going to attend the inaugural ceremonies of the chapel erected in commemoration of the railway disaster at Borki. His majesty would also take this route in going to the military maneuvers. A rigid investigation will be made.

A Fatal Encounter Between Peasants and Gendarmes.

PARIS, June 23.—A detachment of gendarmes yesterday attempted to seize the belongings of some peasants near Pontevedra, the capital of the province of that name, in satisfaction of tax arrears. They were set upon by a crowd of armed peasants, and in the fight which ensued three peasants, one a boy of 15, were killed and several were wounded.

Baseball.

The following games were played yesterday:

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburghs, 11; Chicago, 4.

At Washington—Washingtons, 26; Boston, 12.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 7; New York, 0.

At Philadelphia—Baltimore, 18; Philadelphia, 14.

At St. Louis—Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 2.

Strained Relations Between China and Japan.

SHANGHAI, June 23.—A strong force of Japanese troops has been landed in Corea, which action is greatly straining the relations between China and Japan. Telegraphic communication with Corea is interrupted. The number of troops landed is 15,000. Fifteen thousand are stationed at Seoul, the capital, and 4,000 at Chemung.

The Khedive on His Travels.

ALEXANDRIA, June 23.—The Khedive sailed for Constantinople yesterday. Nasser Pasha has been appointed regent during his absence.

IN A BLAZE OF GLORY.

The Annual Senggerfest Inaugurated Last Night

BY A GREAT TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION.

Twenty Thousand Torches in Line—A Sea of Uplurned Faces—Promise of the Most Successful Meeting Ever Held.

New York, June 23.—The torchlight parade of the sengerfest took place last night in a blaze of glory. Private residences and public buildings along the line of march were profusely decorated. There was a multitude in the streets; everybody seemed to be out for a good time, and everybody seemed to have it. The city had been captured by the vast and enthusiastic army of German singers. All day long they came from all parts of the compass, and when the parade started some 20,000 were in line, attired in all varieties of dress, from the costumes worn in the Alpine forests to those of the heralds and warriors in mythological times. The whole came to an end with a grand float representing the apotheosis of music and song.

Musical from the arcade of the Madison Square garden, the scene was inspiring in the extreme. Twenty-third street from Fourth avenue to Broadway was one mass of teeming, seething humanity.

The procession was headed by a squad of mounted police and a number of bands, horseback and afoot. Having marched up to Fifty-ninth street, where it disbanded, the parade was going to the Arion, Liederkreis, Helbe Bund and other clubs, the courtesies of which will be extended to the singers during their stay in town.

At the headquarters of the reception committee in the Hotel Brunswick many famous men were entertained as guests of the sengerfest, including the leaders of the sengerbunds from all parts of the country.

Ten thousand well-trained vocalists are on the ground, and the seventeenth annual sengerfest promises to be successful beyond all calculations.

The following letter of regret, in President Cleveland's own handwriting, was received by Dr. J. H. Senner, yesterday:

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21, 1894.
MY DEAR SIR.—It is needless to assure you that it would afford me much pleasure to attend the great festival to take place in the city of New York.

THE ANTIOPION BILL.

How the News of Its Passage Was Received in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Members of the Chicago board of trade did not wait at their offices yesterday after business hours to learn if the antiopion bill, so-called, passed the house of representatives. The news of the passage of the most debated measure, aimed at speculation in grain on commercial exchanges was not received at the board of trade in time for any extensive commenting on the result.

President Charles L. Raymond, of the board, learned of the passage of the bill with amendments first from the United Press representative. He said:

"The passage of the bill, with the amendments offered by Chicago's representatives, Mr. Aldrich, to include trading in flour within the provisions of the measure, makes it less objectionable to commercial exchanges throughout the country, and in a large degree kills the idea which predominated in Mr. Hatch's original bill. If Mr. Bostner's amendment had also been adopted by the house the bill would have been harmless so far as the business interests of boards of trade were concerned. This Chicago board has made no fight this session against the passage of the bill, although we have not lessened our opposition to the obnoxious piece of legislation, which will hurt the farmers more than it will us.

The only action which Chicago took in regard to the bill at the present session was when Arthur Orr, a member of the board, appeared before the house committee on agriculture in response to a request of other associations for Chicago to send a representative before the committee. The bill may not pass the senate."

COXEY INDORSED

By a Prominent Democratic Politician—A Coxe Movement on Foot.

ALLIANCE, O., June 23.—Hon. J. V. Lewis, of this city, who was chairman of the democratic congressional committee of the eighteenth district two years ago, when Congressman Kirt was elected, caused a political sensation yesterday by endorsing Coxe as a congressional candidate in an interview in a local paper and denouncing Kirt as unfaithful. He says the democrats of the district will support Coxe. There is a movement now under way for the coming democratic congressional convention not to put up a candidate, but to pass resolutions endorsing Coxe.

As Good as His Word.

MARSHFIELD, O., June 23.—The wages of every employe of the Wheeling and Lake Erie railway, from car-wiper to president, were raised 33 1/3 per cent. yesterday by order of General Manager Blair.

The company made a cut of 30 1/2 per cent. on April 27, owing to the miners' strike and a falling off of revenues of \$70,000 per month. The promise was made that wages should be restored when the strike was destroyed off, and Blair was as good as his word.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—The Hungarian house of magnates yesterday passed the civil marriage bill in its entirety.

—Fire of unknown origin destroyed almost the entire city of Exeter, N.H. The losses will be far up in the thousands.

—President Chanamoy M. Depew says that the regular dividend of 1 1/4 per cent. of the New York Central railroad will be paid July 15.

—The Lake Shore Railroad Co. has declared a semi-annual dividend of 1 per cent., payable August 1. The surplus for six months ending June 30 was \$24,420.

—The Williams Palace Car Co., capitalized at \$1,000,000, will begin the construction of cars in St. Joseph, Mo., to compete with the Pullman and Wagner companies.

—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the Russian police have discovered a mine which was intended to explode before the train carrying the czar to the summer maneuvers.

—It is believed that the struggle between the senate and the house on the sugar schedule of the tariff bill will be desperate, with a possibility of a long dead-lock between the houses.

—The Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railroad is getting a dividend of one dollar per cent. to run all their trains, and the price of coal at St. Louis is rapidly nearing the normal figure.

—Archbishop Ghehe died in Winnipeg, Man., at 82.30 a. m. yesterday morning, by several members of his clergy who had been in constant attendance at the bedside of the dying prelate.

—Mrs. Halliday has been sentenced to death by the state court for the murder of the week beginning August 6 for the murder of Mrs. McLaughlin, of which she was convicted in Monticello, N. Y., Thursday.

—Emperor William has caused the arrest of his own chamberlain, Von Kotze, whom he accuses of writing seditious letters, containing infamous accusations and threats, to Berlin in high life.

—Rev. R. H. Rivers, D. D., one of the most distinguished ministers of the southern Methodist Episcopal church, died Thursday at the residence of his son, B. M. Rivers, in Louisville, Ky., aged 80 years.

—A quorum of the members of the house committee on elections, by a vote of 8 to 3, decided to recommend that more than one member be seated from the second Kansas district in place of Funston (rep.) the sitting member.

—The will of the late ex-Congressman Thomas M. Hayne, of Washington, was yesterday filed for probate after certain requests to namesake, he leaves his estate to the widow, Mrs. Ellen Hayne, and to her heirs and assigns.

—Gen. Kelley and Col. Baker arrested in Louisville, Ky., on a charge of vagrancy, were dismissed yesterday at the close of Kelley's cross-examination on motion of the prosecuting attorney. The prisoners had the sympathy of the audience.

—A central hall seven swept through La Fayette township, Monroe county, Ind., Thursday night. Standing grain was beaten into the ground and farm stock killed. Four horses were killed by a stroke of lightning. The loss to farmers is enormous.

—On Thursday Deputy United States Marshal Harman and a posse made a raid on the Ferguson and McBride band of moonshiners in Mercer county, W. Va., and arrested five men for their capture to the mountain.

The officers took possession of the still and a large quantity of moonshine whiskey and raw material.

THE LISBON BAKERS' STRIKE.

The Strikers Compelled to Go to Work Under Military and Police Surveillance.

LISBON, June 23.—The encampment of the 6,000 bakers of this city who struck against a municipal regulation requiring the master bakers to deposit \$8,000 as a guarantee that they will sell bread of a proper weight was surrounded by a strong force of military and police at 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

The striking bakers were escorted in custody of the troops into Lisbon, where they will be compelled to resume work under military and police supervision. As many of the strikers are Spaniards, and as the latter are believed to be the leaders of the strikers, they will be immediately expelled from Portugal. During the two days which the bakers passed in their camp outside of Lisbon, soldiers were employed to bake bread enough to supply the demand of the citizens.

THE MOROCCO SUCCESSION.

Muley Ismael Defies His Foes to His Brother's Son.

TANGIER, June 23.—A dispatch from Fez says that the late sultan's eldest brother Muley Ismael, formerly chief justice of the supreme court, from whom trouble was expected, has announced his submission to his nephew, Abdul Aziz, the new sultan of Morocco. The sultan's forces there have repressed a revolt of the Mitichousi tribe, and killed large numbers of the tribesmen. The houses of Europeans at Fez are guarded by troops. This is made necessary by the fact that the suburbs of that city are infected with brigands.

The Marriage Question in Very Few.

BUDA-PESTH, June 23.—Very few of the clerical magnates attended the debate on the clauses of the civil marriage bill in the house of magnates yesterday.

In the lower house, Premier Wekerle announced that the government would introduce in the chamber next week the remaining three ecclesiastical bills, viz. A bill providing for the free exercise of worship; a measure regulating the religion of the offspring of mixed marriages, and a bill providing for equal religious rights of Jews and Christians.

A Hostile Analyst Behind the Bars. A BOSTON, June 23.—Antonio Salvador, a Boston anarchist, was arrested at Corvallis, Thursday, for attempting murder by means of dynamite. He escaped from the custody of the police and being closely pursued threw a bomb which exploded with terrific report, but fortunately did little or no damage. Salvador was re-arrested and is now in prison.

A Verdict of Acquittal in the Ellis Case Reported. MARION, Mich., June 23.—Indications to-night are that the Ellis case will go to the jury to-morrow. To-day the case was argued by attorneys for the prosecution and defense. The general impression is that the verdict of the jury will be acquittal.

Down Goes the Revenue.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The treasury gold receipts at the close of business yesterday stood at \$2,500,000. This was heavy reduction from \$3,000,000, which was the amount for the same date last week.

Hot Weather Goods.

We call special attention to our line of goods suitable for summer wear.

DRESS GOODS.

Challies at 5, 6, 8 and 15c yard.
Pongees, best quality, only 15c.
\$1.00 quality of Henriettas at 60c.
First black Organdy Lawns at 15, 20 and 25c.
Indigo blue Calico at 5, 6 and 7c.
Table Damask, extra good, at 35, 45 and 48c yard.
25c quality of wide sheeting at 18c yard.
7c quality of Unbleached Muslin at 5c.
Ladies' Vests at 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

GENTS' GOODS.

Summer Undershirts at 25 and 50c.
Silk end Suspenders at 25, 35 and 50c.
Gents' tan or fast black Socks, 25c.
Unlaundried White Shirts at 48c.
Men's Percalé laundried Shirts at 75, 85 and \$1.00.
Men's Ties at 25, 35 and 50c.
Men's Congress or Lace Shoes at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' Oxfords at 98c, \$1.25, \$1.50.
Ladies' Button Shoes at \$1.50, 2.00 and 2.50.
Children's Shoes at 95c, \$1.25, 1.35.
Baby Shoes at 25, 50, 60 and 75c.

Special low prices on Carpets, Lace Curtains, Chenille Portieres, Window Shades, etc., this week.

Chas. T. Johnston
DECATUR, ILL.

151 North Water Street.



COOL CLOTHES FOR WARM WEATHER AND PINCHED PURSES.

CHEAP CHARLEY

INSTEAD OF THE BONE.

Valuable Supplies Missing Sections of the Human Frame.

Dr. Michels, of the French Academy at Paris, has been a member of the Bone of the Arm by a Really Wonderful Operation.

At the French academy a very delicate operation of prosthesis was recently performed, showing just what could be accomplished in replacing a portion of the skeleton by means of aseptic artificial bones. The surgeons have proved that artificial bones made of valenite or artificial that do not exist can be buried in the tissues and left there with impunity.

Dr. Michels performed the operation. The patient had had taken ulcers of the humerus and shoulder joint, complicated with suppuration and fistulae. An operation was imperative, but the removal of the diseased tissues would have left such a hole that the second would never have healed and the functions of the limb would have been lost if an artificial joint had not been interposed between the lower fragment of the humerus and the scapula.

Dr. Michels apparently to supply the deficient bone is described in the Paris edition of the New York Herald as follows:

It is composed of the courts. First a straight rod, eight centimeters long, is inserted into the bone. Then a porous, artificial bone is placed over it. This is composed of the courts. First a straight rod, eight centimeters long, is inserted into the bone. Then a porous, artificial bone is placed over it.

destined to replace the piece of humerus removed, second another straight piece, representing the neck of the same bone third an irregular sphere for the head the whole fourteen centimeters in length and made of valenite. We have not space to describe it in detail but can only say that the three pieces were fastened together in such a way as to admit of all the movements of rotation and circumduction of a natural joint. It was mechanical chief d'œuvre. It was not enough, however, to make it, it had also to be put in place.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus Dr. Michels was able to fasten the lower part of the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the greasing of the joints and muscles on contact with the humerus Dr. Michels had a set of little ridges perforated with holes to admit sutures. In the same way to fasten the apparatus Dr. Michels provided a platinum ring to be put in its normal position.

The apparatus was accepted, the wound was closed with the ordinary means.

ther Goods.

Special attention to our
ds suitable for summer

OS.
and 15c yard.
ity, only 15c.
enriettas at 69c.
y Lawns at 15, 20 and 25c.
at 5, 6 and 7c.
tra good, at 35, 45 and 48c yard.
e sheeting at 18c yard.
eached Muslin at 5c.
o, 15, 20 and 25c.

DS.
irts at 25 and 50c.
ers at 25, 35 and 50c.
black Socks, 25c.
e Shirts at 48c.
ndried Shirts at 75, 85 and \$1.00.
35 and 50c.
Lace Shoes at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50.

RTMENT.
t 98c, \$1.25, \$1.50.
oes at \$1.50, 2.00 and 2.50.
at 95c, \$1.25, 1.35.
50, 60 and 75c.
s on Carpets, Lace Curtains, Che-
ndow Shades, etc., this week,

J. Johnston
Rt. 1111
North Water Street.



HES
ARM
EATHER
ND PINCHED
URSES.

P CHARLEY

INSTEAD OF THE BONE.

Volcanite Supplies Missing Sections of the Human Frame.

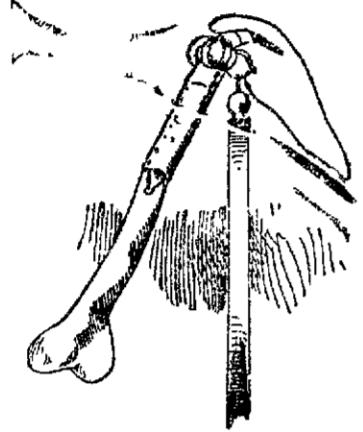
Dr. Michaels, of the French Academie at Paris, Replaces a Broken Bone of the Arm by a Really Wonderful Operation.

At the French academie a very delicate operation of prosthesis was recently performed, showing just what could be accomplished in replacing a portion of the skeleton by means of aseptic artificial pieces. The surgeons have proved that artificial pieces made of vulcanite or metals that do not oxidize can be buried in the tissues and left there with impunity.

Dr. Michaels performed the operation. The patient had had tuberculosis of the humerus and shoulder joint, complicated with suppuration and fistulae. An operation was imperative, but the removal of the diseased tissues would have left such a hole that the wound would never have healed, and the functions of the limb would have been lost if an artificial joint had not been interposed between the lower fragment of the humerus and the scapula.

Dr. Michaels' apparatus to supply the deficient bone is described in the Paris edition of the New York Herald as follows:

It is composed of three parts: First, a straight rod, eight centimeters long,

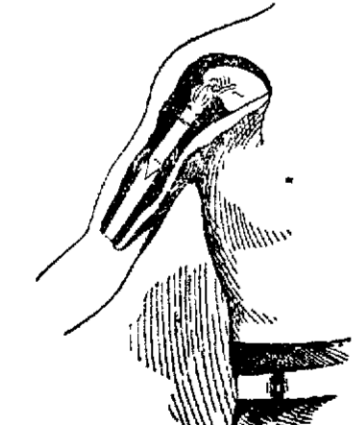


THE APPARATUS.

destined to replace the piece of humerus removed; second, another straight piece, representing the neck of the same bone; third, an irregular sphere for the head; the whole fourteen centimeters in length and made of vulcanite. We have not space to describe it in detail, but can only say that the three pieces were fastened together in such a way as to admit of all the movements of rotation and circumduction of a natural joint. It is a mechanical chef d'oeuvre. It was not enough, however, to make it; it had also to be put in place.

By means of fittings of platinum adapted to the upper and lower ends of the apparatus M. Michaels was able to fasten the lower part to the humerus by means of screws going through the bone. The head he fastened to the glenoid surface by driving a platinum wire into the neck of the shoulder blade to a depth of three centimeters, and by passing two other loops of wire over the top of the bone, the wires being naturally tightly fastened to the artificial head without hampering its movements in any way. In order to facilitate the grafting of the periosteum and muscles onto the artificial humerus M. Michaels had adapted to it little ridges perforated with holes for catgut sutures. In the same way to fasten the capsular ligament he had provided two platinum rings to keep it in its normal position.

The apparatus once adopted the wound was closed with the ordinary



THE ARTIFICIAL JOINT FITTED.

precautions. The operation was performed a year ago, and the patient's condition has since improved in every way. In fact, his health would be perfect but for some small abscesses that have had to be opened on four occasions.

Sound and Light Compared.

The velocity of sound through the atmosphere with the temperature at 62 degrees Fahrenheit is at the rate of 1,125 feet per second. Through water it is 4 1/2 times, through iron it is ten times, and through wood of the different kinds it travels with a velocity from 11 to 17 times greater than that with which it travels through air. The velocity of light is 192,500 miles per second. Estimating the distance to be even 90,000,000 miles, light would pass from the sun to the earth in a fraction over eight minutes, and in one-eighth of a minute would flash around our globe. If an explosion should occur on the sun to-day that was so gigantic in its nature as to ultimately penetrate to our earth we would not know it until the year 1908, simply because it would take the sound fourteen years to travel the intervening distance.

Flies Are Fond of Alcohol.
If several men are sleeping in a room and one of them is drunk the flies will gather on the tips of his nose and around his mouth. The reason for this is that the odor of alcohol is very attractive to them. They get drunk on it.

PICKED AND SORTED.

Eighty-five per cent. of the English barristers have nothing to do.

A single nerve, the pneumogastric, supplies the heart, lungs, stomach and bowels.

The eight-hour day is to become universal in all British governmental establishments.

There are more than twelve hundred ordained priests of the Anglican church without parishes.

The huge guns of modern navies can be fired only about seventy-five times when they are worn out.

In Paris when a local shopkeeper advertises to sell at cost he must keep his word or the government will compel him to tell why.

An ordinary piano contains a mile of wire string and notes enough can be made on it to affect a whole neighborhood with nervous prostration.

RUDYARD KIPING's "The Man Who Would Be a King" is pronounced by a London bookseller "the most remarkable short story in the English language."

THE Alps have no more devoted lover in any land than her majesty Queen Margherita of Italy. King Humbert is also an enthusiastic lover of Alpine sport.

SEA snakes can always be recognized by the flattened, oar-like tails with which they steer their way through the waves. They appear to be invariably poisonous.

An advertisement in the London Telegraph recently for a governess for two little girls at one hundred and twenty-five dollars a year brought one hundred and sixty-two replies in two days.

THERE are in the United States 4,564,641 separate farms, averaging about 137 acres each, of which in the eastern, middle, western and Pacific states eighty per cent. are occupied and managed by their owners.

PERSONS AND THINGS.

THE Florida state board of health has plans and specifications made for a disinfecting station at Tampa, Fla., to cost \$10,000.

HENRY IRVING recently made a speech ridiculing pugilism. The rumors of J. J. Corbett's histrionic success seem to be confirmed.

DR. JOHN CONTE' FAIRFAX, of Maryland, is the only English peer who is an American citizen. He has never taken his seat in the house of lords.

CONAN DOYLE and Stanley J. Weyman are doing a great work in proving that contemporary novelists can gain popularity outside of the rotten and riotous realm of erotic and neurotic fiction.

SIR GEORGE WILLIAMS, who founded the Young Men's Christian association, is a retail storekeeper. He is president of fully thirty religious and philanthropic societies and a director in as many more.

Mrs. VANCE, widow of the late senator from North Carolina, is preparing for the press an elaborate biography of her husband. His career contained many romantic and dramatic incidents, and the book is likely to prove very interesting.

READERS of "Hoosier Schoolmaster" will remember Phillips, the champion speller of the Indiana school described therein. Phillips still lives in Vevay, Ind., Dr. Eggleston's old home, and will soon be seventy-three years old. The fame he got from the book has lasted to this day, and curious visitors to Vevay hunt him up.

PERSONAL MENTION.

BROTHER JOSEPH, who is voluntarily spending his life at Molokai and devoting it to the lepers in that settlement, is Ira P. Dutton, a native of Vermont, who adjudicated war claims in the border states after the civil war for the federal government. He began his services in Molokai under the heroic Damien.

GEN. HENRY B. CLEAVE, who has been nominated for another term as governor of Maine, entered the army as a private when he was twenty-two years old, and worked for some time in a saw and blind factory after the war before taking up the study of law, in which he has accumulated a large practice.

A. W. TERRELL, United States minister to Turkey, is having two silver and gold-mounted saddles made at San Antonio, Tex. He will present them to the sultan of Turkey and that ruler's favorite son. The saddles are the handiwork of the most skillful saddle makers in the United States. They are of the Texas cowboy pattern.

The additions to be made to the faculty of Stanford university, California, for the next college year will include Nathan Abbott, who is to be the permanent head of the law department; William Stuart Symington, assistant professor of Roman languages; Frederick L. O. Roehrig, lecturer of oriental philology, and Vernon L. Kellogg, associate professor of entomology.

CURIOUS FACTS.

THE twentieth century begins January 1, 1901.

The smallest bird in the world is the golden-crested wren.

The best remedy for the presence of ants is cayenne, sprinkled freely in their haunts.

The brain of an ant is larger in proportion to its size than that of any other known creature.

UNITED STATES mail wagons have the right of way as against ambulances and fire department apparatus.

The wages of female servants in Prussia range from \$14.28 to \$71.40 per year; of males, \$23.80 to \$95.20.

MANY scientists now believe that the atmosphere is not less than one hundred miles deep, and may be two hundred.

On many railroads of Germany the station agents are permitted to keep bees, which thus form a small source of income.

Two laborers in every occupation are paid from two to five times as much in the United States as in any country in Europe.

QUITTING BUSINESS.

Anything at Cost.

Busher Pays the Freight.

ESTABLISHED 1855--RETIRING 1894.

The stock must be cut down yet to enable me to sell entire stock to parties wishing to invest,

CONSEQUENTLY

Summer Goods go at less than Cost.

COLORLED GOODS will be sold regardless of value or cost to manufacture them.

\$2.00, 2.50, 3.00 and 4.00 Lace Tan Shoes at \$1.25 AND \$1.50.

Sizes somewhat broken but we still have a large variety to select from. Don't miss the chance to buy colored goods at half price and less. Come early.

W. F. BUSHER.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Castle, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever Sores on his leg. Doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by King & Hubbard's Drug Store.

LONDON journals comment on the fact that several of the ladies present at the queen's last drawing-room wore English-made silks and brocades. Also at the same concert the young pininess of Wales wore English more silks, and the duchess of Westminster and Baroness Burdett-Coutts had on brocade dresses of British make.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Conajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house, and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested? Trial bottles free at King & Hubbard's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

A REVIEW of a new edition of the "Imitation of Christ" was recently sent by an English press-chipping bureau to "Mr. Thomas A. Kenaps," in care of the publishers of the book, with a statement that all references to his work would be promptly sent to him for a guinea.

Removal.

We take pleasure in announcing that after this date Parks' Sure Cure will remove all traces of Rheumatism, Kidney trouble or Liver complaint from the user. It is to-day the only medicine that is guaranteed to cure these diseases or no pay. Parks' Sure Cure is sold by W. F. Neisler.

YALE will erect a new building for its law school at a cost of \$230,000. It will stand on the north side of the New Haven green. It will be Italian Renaissance in style, of cream-colored brick and terra cotta. Its dimensions will be 75 by 140 feet.

RUDY'S PILE SUPPREGATORY is guaranteed to cure Piles and Constipation, or money refunded. 50 cents per box. Send stamp for circular and free sample to MARTIN RUDY, Manufacturer, P. O. Box 34, W. A. Dism & Co., Druggists, Decatur, Ill.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This Liniment is different in composition from any other liniment on the market. It is a scientific discovery which results in its being the most penetrating Liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended because they pay the seller a greater profit. Beware of these and demand Ballard's Snow Liniment. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Scalds and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Pain in Back, Barb Wire Cuts, Sore Chest or Throat, and is especially beneficial in Paralysis. Sold by C. H. Dawson, Druggist.

COLONEL GALVIN, who is en route with a California contingent, boasts that he can quell the most poisonous Commonwealer with a single look. He can Galvin eyes them, as it were.

What a Prominent Insurance Man Says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve, until I took Ballard's Horchound Syrup. One bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends.

John Cranston, 906 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ill., writes: I have found Ballard's Horchound Syrup superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 50c. Sold by C. H. Dawson, Druggist.

SENATORS Proctor and Dubois are in retirement to think out the intricacies of the tariff. They are in Vermont, and incidentally do their thinking along trout streams, rod in hand.

Is Your Tongue

coated, your throat dry, your eyes dull and inflamed, and do you feel mean generally when you get up in the morning? Your liver and kidneys are not doing their work. Why don't you take Parks' Sure Cure? If it does not make you feel better it costs you nothing. It cures Bright's Disease, Diabetes and all Kidney complaints. Only guaranteed cure. Sold by W. F. Neisler.

Gov. MATTHEWS will be a candidate for the United States Senate to succeed Senator Voorhees.

Booklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by W. F. Neisler, Druggist, Decatur, Ill.

CHARLES has been crowned champion, and other signs of his greatness. He is recommended by all. C. H. Dawson.

WINDING UP.

A Big Cut!

A cut in Furniture isn't an altogether pleasant occurrence for the housewife, as it means mischief, but with us it means a reduction of price.

The prices we are making on the largest line of

Furniture, Carpets and Stoves

in the city are remarkably low. An inspection will prove it to you.

Cash or Easy Payments.

G. W. Scovill,

211, 243 and 215 South Side City Park.

Complete House Furnishing on E Z Payments.

FIZZ, BANG, SMASH, CRASH!

Young America, his Uncles, Cousins and Nephews.

THIS REMINDS US that December Fourth of July Headquarters this year are

AT WINGATE'S.

YOU CAN GET

Sky Rockets,
Pearl Battery,
Serpents,
Snake Nests,
Fire Crackers,
Flags, all sizes,

Roman Candles,
Triangles,
Flower Pots,
Toy Pistols,
Greek Fire,

Fireballs,
Bombs,
Bombs,
Bombs,
Lanterns,

At prices which bring the Fourth of July to the very doors of the Poor Citizens.

342, 344, 348 East Main Street